

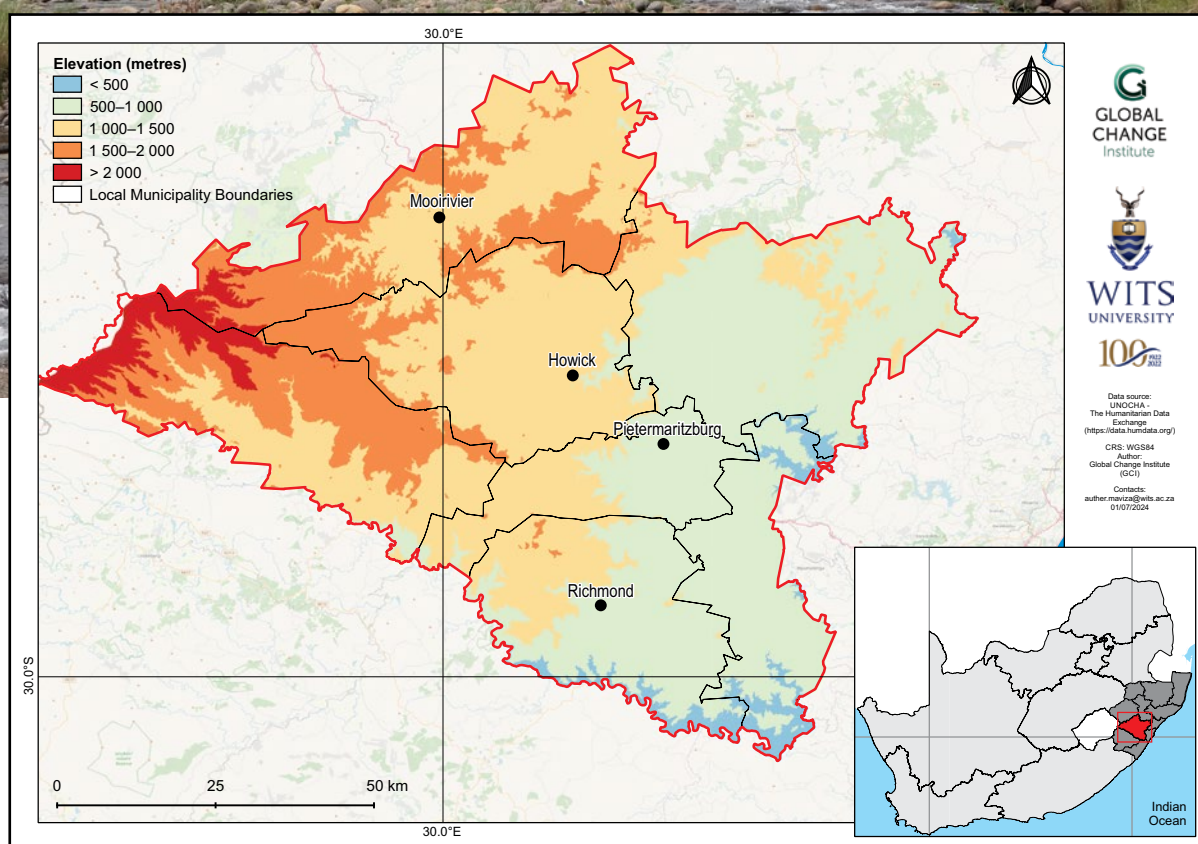
Umgungundlovu District Municipality climate change fact sheet

KwaZulu-Natal, South Africa

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Introduction

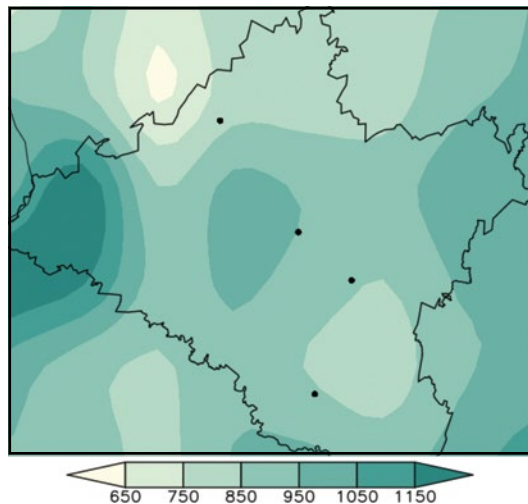
- This fact sheet is part of a series of district municipality fact sheets developed by the Wits GCI and SANBI. The fact sheets present a summary of observed and projected changes in climate over district municipalities in South Africa. They should be used together with the guidelines presented in the cover page.
- Umgungundlovu District Municipality covers an area of 9 513 km², with elevation ranging from 500 m above sea level in the east to 2 000 m above sea level in the Drakensberg to the west.
- The district experiences a varied climate; the eastern region is temperate with warm summers and cooler winters, while the western highlands have a cool to alpine climate with higher summer rainfall. Snowfall can occur in the mountainous regions in winter.



Observed climate: rainfall (1981–2000)

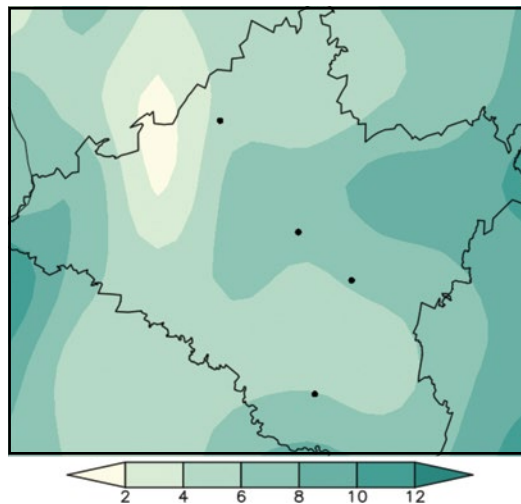
Mean annual rainfall

Mean annual rainfall ranges from 650 mm over the south-eastern interior parts to 1 150 mm over the Drakensberg in the west.



Extreme rainfall days

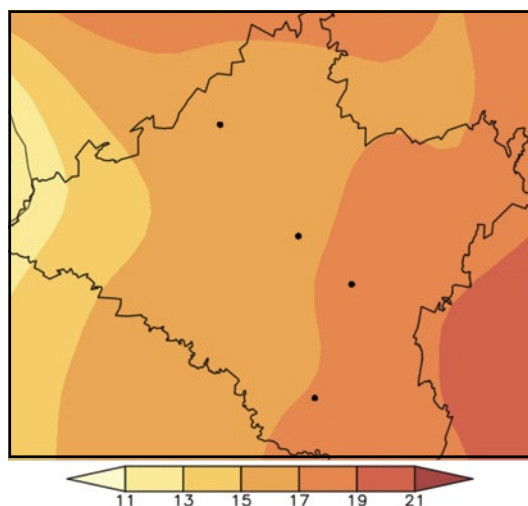
Observed mean annual number of extreme rainfall days range from less than 2 days over the northern border parts to 10 days over the highlands in the west and lowlands.



Observed climate: temperature (1981–2000)

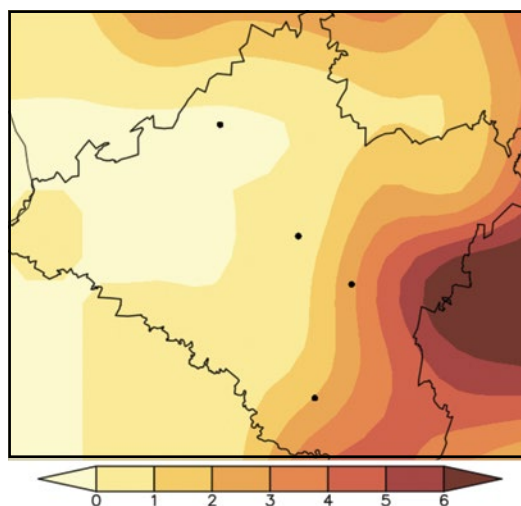
Mean annual temperature

Mean annual temperature ranges from 11 °C in the western highlands of the Drakensberg to 19 °C over the eastern lower-lying regions.



Very hot days

Observed mean annual number of very hot days range from 0 days over western interior parts to 6 days in the eastern low-lying parts.

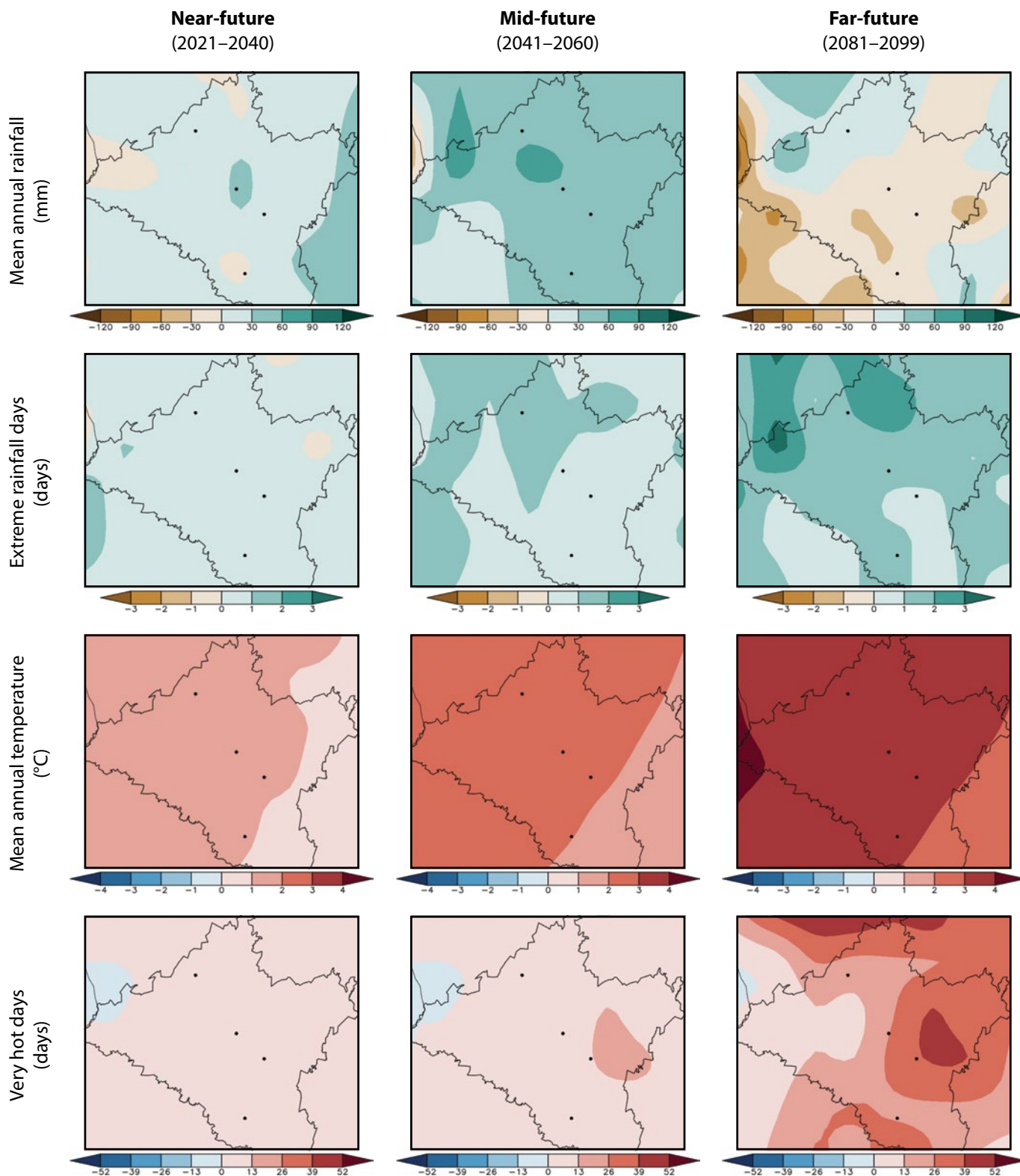


Observed climate trends (overview)

- Observed decrease in mean annual rainfall (*low confidence*).
- Observed increase in the frequency of extreme rainfall events (*high confidence*).
- Observed increase in mean annual temperature and warm extremes (*virtually certain*).
- Observed increases in meteorological and agricultural drought (*low confidence*).

Projected future climate change (overview)

- Projected increase in mean annual rainfall in the near- and mid-future (*low confidence*).
- Projected increase in the frequency of extreme rainfall events (*high confidence*).
- Projected increase in mean annual temperature and warm extremes (*virtually certain*); decrease in cold extremes (*high confidence*).
- Projected increase in agricultural and meteorological drought (*low confidence*).



Projected future climate change (*detailed*)

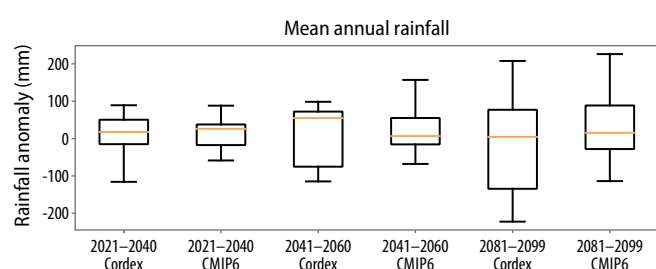
Near- and mid-future

- Projected increase in mean annual rainfall (*more likely than not*).
- Projected increase in extreme rainfall events (*likely*).
- Projected increase in temperature and warm extremes (*virtually certain*); decrease in cold extremes (*very likely*).
- Projected increase in agricultural and meteorological drought (*low confidence*).

Far-future

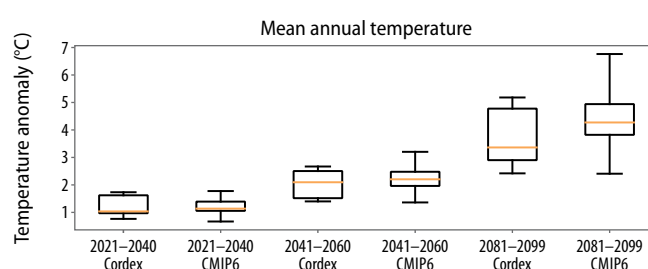
- Projected changes in rainfall in the far-future are *uncertain*.
- Projected increase in extreme rainfall events (*very likely*).
- Projected increase in temperature and warm extremes (*virtually certain*); decrease in cold extremes (*very likely*).
- Projected increase in agricultural and meteorological drought (*low confidence*).

Climate model projections: model agreement and uncertainties



Mean annual rainfall

- Averaged across the district, rainfall is projected to increase in the near- and mid-future (*low confidence*).
- Projected changes in rainfall in the district in the far-future under low mitigation scenarios are *uncertain*.
- Partially in response to *virtually certain* temperature increases, agricultural drought is to occur more frequently in the future (*low confidence*).



Mean annual temperature

- Temperature increases averaged across the district in the near-future are *virtually certain* and may be as high as 1.5 °C.
- Under low mitigation, further temperature increases are *virtually certain* and may approach 2.5 °C in the mid-future and 5.0 °C in the far-future.
- Increases in average temperature will be accompanied by increases in warm temperature extremes such as heatwaves and high fire danger days (*virtually certain*).

Citation:

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